



TATHASTU
Institute Of Civil Services

Dr. Tanu Jain

Ex-Civil Servant; Founder of Tathastu ICS

UPSC CSE MAINS MAHARATH 2025

*Excel in Mains with Precision,
Planning & Personalized Mentorship*

**UPSC CSE MAINS 2025
START DATE - 10th JUNE 2025**

Class Language

Hinglish

Class Notes

English

Test Series

English Only



enquiry@tathastuics.com



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old Rajinder Nagar New Delhi 110060



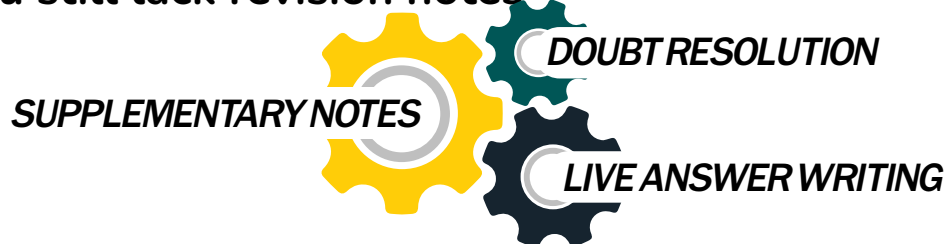
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PROBLEM FACED BY UPSC ASPIRANTS IN MAINS

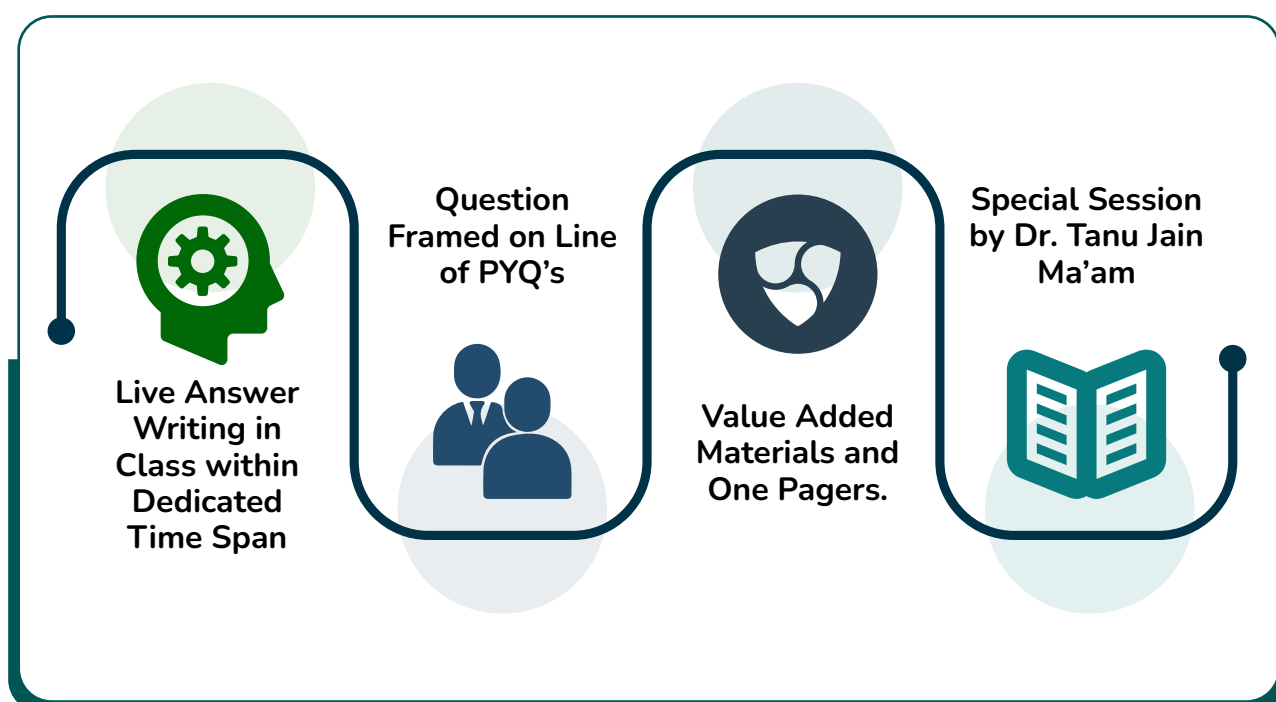
✓ Content preparation is complete, but:

- 1 Unable to write answers for **PYQs**.
- 2 Lacking the confidence to **attempt tests**.
- 3 Lack of simulated **environment for writing tests**.
- 4 **Taking too much time** to complete a 10/20 question test.
- 5 Struggling to write **multi-dimensional answers**.

You still lack revision notes



HOW OUR COURSE ADDRESSES THIS PROBLEM



LIVE ANSWER WRITING PROGRAM (OFFLINE / ONLINE)

- ✓ **Live Offline Answer Writing with Selected Officers & Senior Faculty**
 - Learn the Art of Mains Answer Writing through real-time mentorship
 - Write Answers in Classroom in Dedicated time Frame for Speed Building and Recall Enhancement (10 marks - 7 mins)
(15 marks - 11 mins)
- ✓ **Questions Inspired by PYQs (2013–2024)**
 - Covering core General Studies themes, reflecting UPSC trends and patterns.
- ✓ **Discussion Session**
 - Practice + Live Writing and Discussions + Self-Evaluation
 - The session will feature **live discussion of the test along with key themes**, model answer approach, and live doubt resolution
- ✓ **Model Approach, Key Words & Value Addition materials will be provided**
 - Designed for Answer Enrichment & Precision Writing

COMPREHENSIVE TEST SERIES

- ✦ **25 Sectional Tests** (Live answer writing followed by classroom discussion and personalized mentorship)
- ✦ **2 Essay Sectional Tests**
- ✦ **5 Full-Length Tests** (Evaluation by Our Expert Team & Mentors)
4 GS Full Length | 1 Essay Full Length
- ✦ **Toppers' Approach-Based Answers Templates.**
Keywords, Real-life Examples, Data Points & Enrichment Tips
Smart Evaluations under Dr. Tanu Jain's Guidance
Based on practical & UPSC-aligned parameters

MEET YOUR MENTORS.



Dr. Tanu Jain
(Ex-Civil Servant 2015 Batch)



Mr. Sagar Gupta
(Civil Servant 2015 Batch)



Dr. Manoj K Sharma
22+ Years of Experience



Mr Abhijeet Bhardwaj
(Civil Servant Batch 2017)



Mr. Abhishek Singh
(AIR 860 CSE 2023)



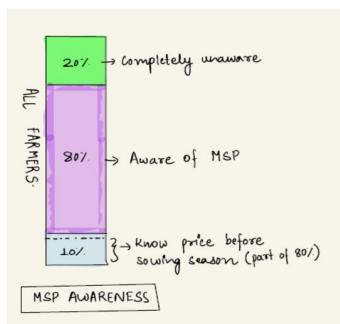
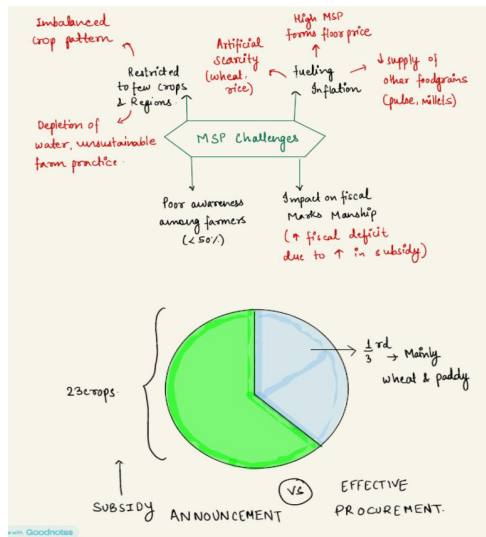
Rashid sir (Senior faculty)
10+ Years of Experience



Mr. Manoj Rathour
(Civil Servant Batch 2016)

FEATURE-RICH VALUE ADDITION MATERIAL

+ SAMPLE NOTES



Established Visva-Bharati University (1920)

- favoured liberal, holistic + focus on nature and freedom
- Promoted internationalism in education
- Rejected rote learning and discipline based edu. system.

(TAGORE)

Advocated Nai-Talim (Basic education)

- Emphasized self-reliance + edu. in Mother tongue
- linking education to Indian culture and values
- education = social transformation & rural upliftment.

(GANDHI)

DIFFERENCES IN EDU. PHILOSOPHY

GANDHI vs TAGORE
CONTRASTING VISIONS OF EDUCATION AND NATIONALISM

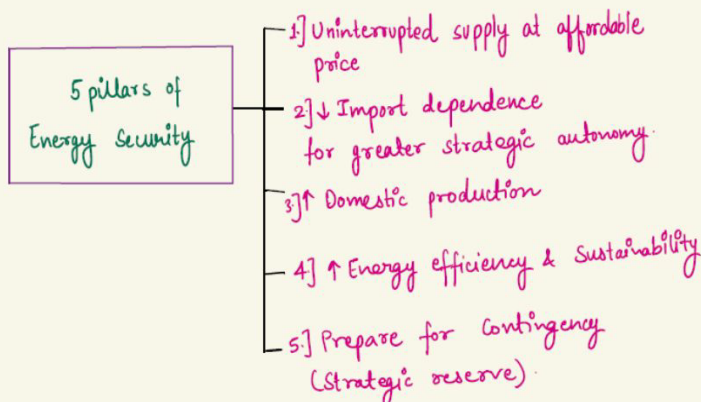
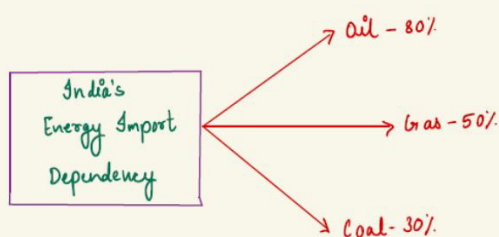
DIFFERENCES IN NATIONALIST APPROACH

(TAGORE)

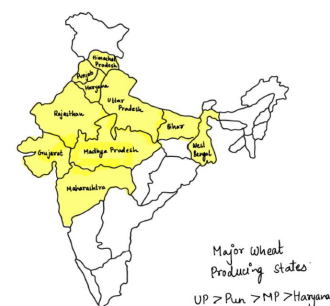
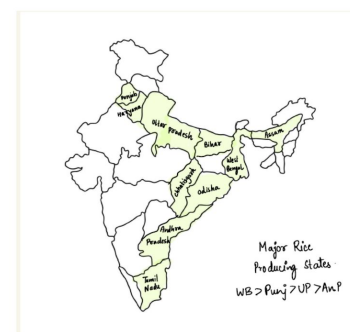
- Critic of aggressive nationalism
- opposed swadeshi excesses in Bengal
- Cultural nationalism - unity in Diversity.
- Warned against narrow patriotism (e.g. his criticism of Gandhian Boycott)

(GANDHI)

- Muss based Nationalism - swadeshi, satyagraha + Non-violence
- Believed in active Political Engagement.
- Nationalism = tool for Political and moral awakening
- complete swaraj (self rule) ≠ Ethical + spiritual means.



Major crops and their Distribution:



FINANCIAL EMERGENCY

UPSC Mains – General Studies Paper 2 (GS Paper 2)

“Indian Constitution—significant provisions, functions and responsibilities of the Union and the States, issues and challenges pertaining to the federal structure, devolution of powers and finances up to local levels...”

Pro Tip for Mains:

Always link Financial Emergency with broader themes like **Federalism, Separation of Powers, Judicial Review, and Fiscal Responsibility** to enrich your GS2 and Essay answers.

Introduction

- The **Financial Emergency** is one of the three types of emergencies provided under the Indian Constitution.
- It is laid down in **Article 360** and empowers the Union to protect the **financial stability and credit of the country**.
- **India has never invoked Financial Emergency** so far, making it **unique and largely theoretical**—but its potential impact is significant.

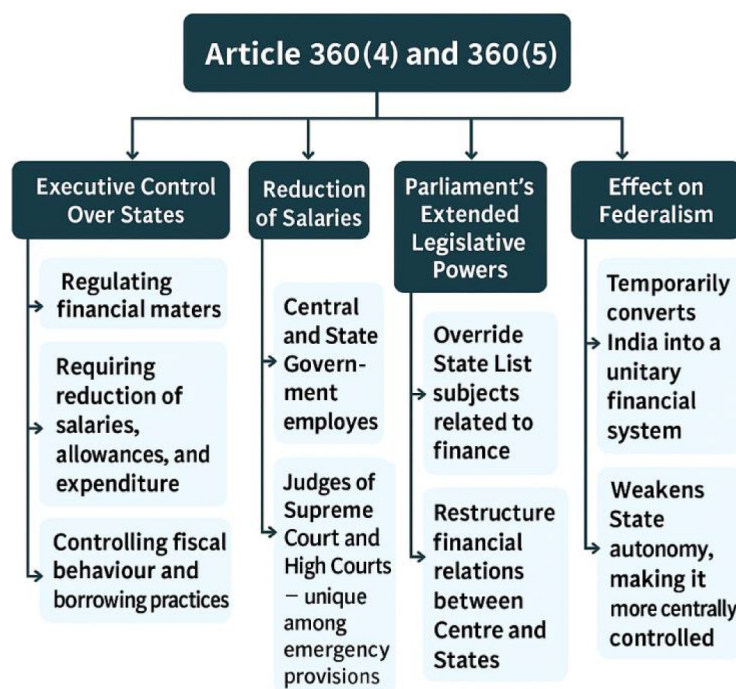
Constitutional Provisions – Article 360

A. Grounds for Proclamation

- As per **Article 360(1)**: If the President is satisfied that the **financial stability or credit of India or any part thereof** is threatened, he may proclaim a Financial Emergency.
- **Discretionary Power**: Based on President's "subjective satisfaction". No need for prior cabinet recommendation (unlike National Emergency under Article 352).
- **Judicial Review**:
 - **38th Amendment**: Satisfaction of president in declaring financial emergency made immune from judicial review.
 - **44th Amendment**: Provisions made under 38th Amendment deleted, so subject to Judicial Review.

B. Parliamentary Approval - Must be approved by **both Houses of Parliament** within **two months** of issuance with **Simple Majority**.

C. Duration and Revocation- Once approved, **continues indefinitely** until **revoked** by the President.



CRITICAL ANALYSIS

Strengths	Concerns
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ensures centralized financial control during economic collapse. Prevents fiscal indiscipline of States from harming national creditworthiness Tool for economic stabilization in extraordinary conditions (e.g., sovereign default, hyperinflation) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Vague grounds – ‘financial stability’ or ‘credit’ not clearly defined. No judicial review post-44th Amendment – scope for executive misuse Can undermine: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Separation of powers (reducing judges' salaries) Federal structure Possibility of political misuse to penalize opposition-led States

Comparative Perspective

Country	Equivalent Provision
USA	No financial emergency provision; handled through fiscal policy tools
Germany	Fiscal emergency powers exist, but subject to constitutional court oversight
France	Financial emergencies require parliamentary consent and clear fiscal thresholds

Relevance Today

- India faced near crisis in **1991 Balance of Payments (BoP)** situation — but no Financial Emergency declared.
- FRBM Act, 2003** introduced fiscal discipline framework — reduces need for emergency powers.
- Post-COVID fiscal pressures raised concerns, but Centre used **non-emergency legal tools** like borrowing and GST compensation cess.

Way Forward

- Clearer definition** of “financial instability” in Article 360.
- Strengthen **institutional fiscal oversight** (e.g., Finance Commission, CAG).
- Use **cooperative federalism**, not coercive control, during crises.

Conclusion

- Financial Emergency is a **powerful yet blunt tool** for restoring fiscal order.
- Its **non-use** so far indicates India’s preference for **democratic and cooperative mechanisms** over **extraordinary centralization**.
- A constitutional provision that must be used only as a **last resort**, with **strict checks and balances**.

WHY CHOOSE MAINS MAHARATH 2025?

01

Live Answer Writing helping in Speed Building and Recall Enhancement

02

Personalized Feedback & Smart Evaluation

03

Structured & Time-Bound Preparation

04

PYQ-Based, Trend-Aligned Curriculum

05

Interactive Mentorship from Bureaucrats & Experts

06

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